a a Fleweller
THE FLOWERS COLLECTION

The North Carolinian.

VOL III FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, AUGUST 4, 1864. NO. 155

THE
NORTH CAROLINIAN
BY
P. J. SINCLAIR.

THE DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN is served to subscribers in town at ONE DOLLAR per week in advance, payable to the Carriers weekly.

Single copies TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

PRICE FOR MAILING.

Six copies 25 cents. Six months FIFTEEN DOLLARS. Three months, EIGHT DOLLARS.

One month THREE DOLLARS.

THE WEEKLY NORTH CAROLINIAN, a weekly four paged newspaper, published at this Office, is mailed to subscribers at FIVE DOLLARS for six months. Three months THREE DOLLARS—Strictly in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

The following rates will be charged for advertisements inserted in the North Carolinian:

ONE SQUARE OF EIGHT LINES, OR LESS:

One day	$2 00	One week	$9 50
Two days	3 50	Two weeks	18 00
Three days	5 00	Three weeks	28 50
Four days	6 50	One month	36 50
Five days	8 00	Two months	70 00

Fifty words, or eight lines or less count a square, and additional quares will be charged the same. Advertisements inserted once, twice or three times a week will be charged two dollars a square for every insertion.

Advertisements for the INTELLIGENCER will be inserted once in Daily, and charged Daily rates for that insertion.

When sent by letter, the money must accompany the advertisement. Marriages, deaths, religious and other notices charged as advertisements and must be paid for strictly in advance.

The Value of Money.

Value of old Issue	Val. now issue	Val. now issue	Value of old Issue
1 00	66⅔	1 00	1 50
2 00	1 33⅓	2 00	3 00
3 00	2 00	3 00	4 50
4 00	2 66⅔	4 00	6 00
5 00	3 33⅓	5 00	7 50
10 00	6 66⅔	10 00	15 00
15 00	10 00	15 00	22 00
20 00	13 33⅓	20 00	30 00
25 00	16 66⅔	25 00	37 50
30 00	20 00	30 00	45 00
35 00	23 33⅓	35 00	52 50
40 00	26 66⅔	40 00	60 00
45 00	30 00	45 00	67 50
50 00	33 33⅓	50 00	75 00
55 00	36 66⅔	55 00	82 50
60 00	40 00	60 00	90 00
65 00	43 33⅓	65 00	97 50
70 00	46 66⅔	70 00	105 00
75 00	50 00	75 00	112 50
80 00	53 33⅓	80 00	120 00
85 00	56 66⅔	85 00	127 50
90 00	60 00	90 00	135 00
95 00	63 33⅓	95 00	142 50
100 00	66 66⅔	100 00	150 00

SYNOPSIS OF FUNDING SCHEME OF CURRENCY BILL AS TO STATES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI.—*Non-Interest Bearing* $100 *Notes.* Receivable for public dues before April 1st, 1864, at par; from and after April 1st, 1864, not receivable at all, but

FUNDABLE IN FOUR PER CENT. BONDS.

Before 1st April, 1864, at par.
From 1st to last day of April, inc., at 66⅔
From 1st to last day of May, inc., at 56⅔
From 1st to last day of June, inc., at 46⅔
From 1st to last day of July, inc., at 36⅔
From 1st to last day of Aug., inc., at 26⅔
From 1st to last day of Sept., inc., at 16⅔
Swept away by mont'ly tax, Oct. inc., at 6⅔

Any non-interest bearing $100 notes held on the first of January, 1865, are taxed 100 per cent., thus destroying every vestige of value.

A CARD.

FELLOW-CITIZENS AND SOLDIERS:

Yielding to the solicitations of friends in Cumberland and Harnett counties, I have consented to serve, if elected, as a member of the House of Commons of the next General Assembly of North Carolina. Confined to Camp life, it will not be in my power to see the people. It may be proper, therefore, to state that, if elected, my influence and votes will be cast in favor of such measures as in my judgment may be best calculated to insure the success of our arms and secure the independence of the South. It will be my constant aim to look always to the comfort and care of my brother soldiers, and I shall support every measure calculated to promote their interest and to encourage and cheer them in their arduous and patriotic service. Sympathizing with the people and soldiers, whatever influence I may have shall be exerted to restrain oppression and guarantee to all just rights and privileges. In the discharge of my Legislative duties, all lawful efforts shall be used to promote the interest and carry out the wishes of my fellow-citizens, believing that a representative, in this capacity, is the public servant of the people and is therefore bound to yield a ready obedience to their instructions and a cheerful compliance with their wishes, in every way consistent with the public good. I have served three years in the army, and if the people now desire me to serve them in another capacity, I will cheerfully comply with their wishes.

JOHN P. McLEAN.

Plymouth, N. C., July 9, 1864.—te

FAYETTEVILLE MARKETS.

CORRECTED BY J. W. LETT.

Aug. 2, 1864.

Bacon	— @ 4 00 ℔ lb
Pork	2 25 @ 2 50 ℔ lb
Lard	— @ 4 00 ℔ lb
Beef	2 00 ℔ lb
Beeswax	2 75 @ — ℔ lb
Butter	6 00 @ — ℔ lb
Cotton	1 50 @ 1 65 ℔ lb
Codfish	15 00 ℔ lb
Cotton Yarn	$18 @ 40 ℔ bunch.
Dried Fruit	Apples & Peaches $1 50 ℔ lb
Eggs	2 00 @ — ℔ dozen
Extract Logwood	$5 @ — ℔ lb
Flour	$145 @ 160 ℔ barrel
Tallow	12 50 @ 13 00 ℔ bushel
Fodder	$10 00 @ 10 50 ℔ hundred
Hay	10 00 ℔ hundred.
Shucks	$16 00 ℔ hundred
Grain—Corn	$ — 00 @ 25 00 ℔ bushel
Wheat	$30 00 ℔ bushel
Rye	15 00 @ $20 00 ℔ bushel
Oats	$10 00 ℔ bushel
Peas	17 50 @20 00 ℔ bushel
Hides—Green	2 50 @ 3 00 ℔ lb
Dry	5 50 @ 6 00 ℔ lb
Iron—Swedes	3 50 @ 4 50 ℔ lb
Leather—Upper	18 00 ℔ lb
Sole	15 00 ℔ lb
Liquors—Corn Whiskey	50 00 ℔ gallon
Apple and Peach Brandy	50 00 ℔ gallon
Molasses	$30 ℔ gallon
Nails	3 50 @ 4 00 ℔ lb
Onions	20 00 ℔ bushel
Potatoes—Irish	$8 @ 10 00 ℔ bushel
Sweet	$10 @15 00 ℔ bushel
Rice	$1 00 ℔ lb
Sugar	10 ℔ lb
Soap	Family Bar 2 00 ℔ lb
Toilet	$5 00 ℔ lb
Spirits Turpentine	3 00 ℔ gal.
Fayetteville 4-4 Sheetings	1 50 @ 3 00 ℔ Yard
Salt	$25 00 @ 30 ℔ bushel
Tallow	2 50 @ 3 00 ℔ lb.
Wool	$6 00 @ 8 00 ℔ lb

THE MERCURY!
THE MERCURY!

BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED,
BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED,
BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED,
ELEGANTLY PRINTED
ELEGANTLY PRINTED
ELEGANTLY PAINTED
EVERY SATURDAY,
EVERY SATURDAY,
EVERY SATURDAY,
THE GREAT LITERARY WEEKLY
THE GREAT LITERARY WEEKLY
THE GREAT LITERARY WEEKLY
OF THE SOUTH!
OF THE SOUTH!

BRILLIANT AND CHARMING,
WITH ROMANCES, SKETCHES, TALES OF REAL LIFE, NOVELETTES; INCIDENTS AND ANECDOTES OF THE WAR!
ESSAYS, CRITICISE,
POETRY, HISTORY, BIOGRAPHY,
WITICISMS AND MISCELLANY,

INCLUDING
TRANSLATIONS FROM the GERMAN, FRENCH and OTHER LANGUAGES

Making a complete Casket of
Polite Southern Literature
IT IS A HOME JOURNAL
FOR THE HOUSEHOLD!

IT IS A SOLDIER'S PAPER
FOR THE CAMPS
IT IS A TRAVELLER'S COMPANION
FOR THE CARS!
IT IS PLEASANT READING
FOR EVERYBODY!

All of the most Prominent and Talented Authors in the South, as well as the young favorites, are writing for

THE MERCURY,

Subscribers can be supplied with back numbers, containing the following

BEAUTIFUL & THRILLING STORIES:

"THE TRUMP THAT TRIUMPHED;" a Tale of Love.
"JEROME ELLIOTT:" a Tale of the War.
"MAUD: or, THE GHOST FROM BENEATH THE BRIDGE."
"THE REFUGEE'S NIECE," founded on incidents of the War in North Carolina.
"THE DESERTER'S DAUGHTER;" an exciting Tale of Real Life.
"JENNIE ASTON;" a Romance.
"TRIED FOR MURDER;" a Thrilling Romance.
"KRETTEL;" an exciting Story from the German.
"ALARO VENZILATA: or FLORETTA'S RING;" an Italian Tale of Love and War.
"BLUE AND SCARLETT;" being Incidents and Anecdotes of the War, etc.

ILLUSTRATIONS:

"NON INTERVENTION;"
"THE REFUGEE'S HOME;"
"THE CASTLE OF SPAGNETO;"
"THE DESERTER'S DEN IN DOVER SWAMP.

All these articles, together with an endless variety of
LITERARY MISCELLANY,
are contained in the first three numbers of Vol. IV, 1864, (commencing April 30,) of this really

SUPERB FAMILY JOURNAL.

SUBSCRIPTION—Six months.....$10
The Trade supplied at $25 per hundred.
Address,
WM. B. SMITH,
Editor and Proprietor, Raleigh, N. C.
June1-d6m

Combs! Combs! Combs!!

A CHOICE LOT OF IVORY AND GUTA PERCHA Fine Tooth Combs. For sale under the CAROLINIAN OFFICE.
June20-tf

CANDIDATES.

MANY CITIZENS of Cumberland and Harnett counties will vote on the 4th of August next,

The Confederate Ticket,
FOR GOVERNOR
Z. B. VANCE.

FOR THE SENATE
Hon. D. McDaniel, of Cumberland.

FOR THE COMMONS
Gen. A. D. McLean, Harnett,
J. G. Shepherd, Cumberland,
Col. M. J. McDuffie, &c.
July 8. 132-te
Observer copy.

TO THE VOTERS OF CHATHAM county.—At the solicition of many soldiers in the army, as well as many friends at home, I announce myself a candidate for the House of Commons from Chatham County. I have received no solicitations from Rababites, the American Heroes, or the oligarchs, or those who stay at home to make money out of the families of the soldiers, and occupy their spare time in abusing better men than themselves as disloyal. I stand fairly and squarely on the platform of Stevens and Brown, of Georgia, and W. W. Holden for Governor against the world; and I believe that without the election of such men to office we will never have a permanent peace. So far as the soldiers are concerned, I do not wish to appear to boast, but I will say that I have done as much for their families, or more, according to my means than any Vanceite in the County of Chatham.

Fellow citizens and soldiers, go to the polls on the day of election and vote for true Conservatives, if you would have peace and be a free people. Do not be intimidated, but stand up for your rights.

J. A. McDONALD.
Oakland, July 16. 139-te

WE RESPECTFULLY RECommend NEILL McKAY, Esq., as a candidate for re-election to a seat in the next House of Commons, from Cumberland and Harnett counties.
May 24, 1864. MANY CITIZENS.

To the Soldiers and Citizens of Cumberland and Harnett.—A. J. Bethune of co. "A" 5th N. C. cavalry, is a candidate, and if elected will represent the soldiery in the Commons of our next legislature, with what ability he may possess.
July 8. 132 Int3t

THE FRIENDS OF LIEUT JOHN P. McLEAN, 50th Regim't N. C. T., respectfully recommend him to the voters of Cumberland and Harnett counties, as one of their members of the House of Commons in the next General Assembly.
July5-te Observer copy.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED to announce Gen. A. D. McLEAN as a candidate to represent Cumberland and Harnett in the House of Commons of the next General Assembly.

The FRIENDS of Col. M. J. McDUFFIE, will be gratified to learn that he has consented to be a candidate to represent the counties of Harnett and Cumberland, in the House of Commons of the next General Assembly. June 23-139te

For the Senate.

THE friends of WM. B. WRIGHT, Esq., respectfully present his name to the voters of Cumberland and Harnett for re-election to the Senate in the next General Assembly.
June 6 te

TO THE FREEMEN OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.—By request, I again announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Cumberland county. Should I be elected, I can only promise as before to discharge the duties with what ability I may possess.
may27-te HECTOR McNEILL.

MR. EDITOR:—I see announced in your paper as a candidate for re-election, Neill McKay, Esq. Allow me also to present the name of another of our members, Dr. JOHN McCORMICK. He is ever watchful of the interests of his constituents and ever desirous to do that which he thinks is their wish. There are few, if any, better members in the present Legislature than Dr. Jno. McCormick, of Harnett county.
ONE OF THE PEOPLE.
May 12, '64.

The friends of **John McL. Harrington,** announce him a candidate for Sheriff of Harnett County, at the ensuing election in August. apr26-tde

WOOL NOTICE.

QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT,
RALEIGH, June 9, 1864.

I AM NOW PREPARED to exchange Cotton Yarn for Wool, upon the following terms, viz:

One bunch of Yarn for three pounds washed Wool, and one bunch for four pounds unwashed.

Agents have been appointed to make the exchange at the following places: Oxford, Tarboro', Kinston, Catherine Lake, Concord, Rockingham, Hendersonville, Statesville, Roxboro', Asheville, Pittsboro', Louisburg, Fayetteville, Colerain, and at this place.

Persons shipping wool to this place will please mark on the packages who they are from, and the cotton yarn will be forwarded immediately.

I hope the people will patriotically respond to the above notice, as the Wool is for clothing the N. C. Troops.

H. A. DOWD, A. Q. M., N. C. A.
June14-tljul

The papers in the State will please copy until July 1st.

TELEGRAPHIC

Reported by the Press Association. 1864

Entered according to Act of Congress in the year 1863, by J. S. Thrasher, in the Clerk's office of the District Court of the Confederate States, for the Northern District of Georgia

FROM LEE'S ARMY.

NORTHERN NEWS.

THE MINE EXPLOSION A FAILURE.
THE REBELS AGAIN IN PENNSYLVANIA!

FROM NORTHERN GEORGIA.

MORE ABOUT THE RAIDERS!

EUROPEAN NEWS!

PETERSBURG, Aug. 3.—Yesterday and to-day unusually quiet along the lines, no shelling and scarcely any picket firing. Nearly all the force which Grant sent to the north side of the James river, has returned to our front. It is supposed that Grant is busy sapping and mining at other points.

Deserters who entered our lines on yesterday, say there was great dissatisfaction and complaint in the Yankee army on the results of Saturday.

ATLANTA, Aug. 3rd.—Affairs are very quiet this morning. Some picket firing during the night, but nothing of importance occurred.

Six hundred and fifty prisoners, captured near Newland, were sent south from East Point yesterday. About 1,000 in all were captured.

RICHMOND, Aug. 3rd.—The Baltimore [illegible] received. It refers to the explosion of the mine in front of the 9th corps near Petersburg on Saturday, and says the sight was magnificent in the extreme. The entire work, mounting 16 guns, was blown into the air and rendered a mass of ruins.—Immediately after the explosion an assault was made on the rebel works by the 9th and 18th corps, the 5th held in reserve. The assault was successful, carrying the entire front line of the enemy's works and capturing many prisoners.

The *American* of the 2nd says the loyal people are again called upon to show how they can bear themselves under disaster. The assault upon Petersburg failed, and our force repulsed with a loss of 5,000, including prisoners. The strength of the rebel position is unimpaired.

The rebel cavalry crossed the Potomac 15 miles above Williamsport and passed directly across Maryland into Pennsylvania, going through Mercersburg.

About 500 of McCausland's men entered Chambersburg and demanded $500,000. The demand was complied with. The town was fired and nearly the whole of it burned. Gov. Curtain has called the Legislature together to make arrangements to defend the State. Wright's column must ere this have reached Winchester, and if the rebels attempt to retain possession of the Shenandoah Valley a desperate battle must be expected.

Detroit *Tribune* asserts that Thompson, Clay and Holcombe had crossed the Detroit river several days ago and are now in the Western States.

Gold 258½.

ATLANTA, Aug. 2.—All quiet along the lines this morning. The enemy shelled the city a half an hour last evening. The enemy is much hurt at the defeat of the raiders in our rear. The enemy is still marching towards our left.

Nashville papers of the 28th ult., mention the death of McPherson, and estimate their losses in the battle of the 22d, at 2,500. Geary's, Wall's, Williams', McCook's, Newton's, Johnson's and Thomas' Federal divisions were engaged.

NEW YORK, July 27.—The *Herald's* special from Nashville, says sensation dispatches, dated Atlanta, 25th, published in Northern papers, created a false impression. We have not taken Atlanta, but probably have it surrounded. Reliable information received that every thing is going on right.

The *Times'* Baltimore special says Morgan has joined Early and Breckinridge.

The steamer Scotia with dates from Liverpool to the 16th, has arrived.

An influential deputation, on the 15th, waited on Palmerston, urging mediation on the plea of humanity. Palmerston said both the North and South were equally sanguine of success, while the North was especially jealous of interference. If an opportunity offered for mediation, the Government would gladly avail themselves of it.

Mason had an unofficial interview with Palmerston.

NEW YORK, July 27.—Washington specials mention the defeat of Averill, Crook and Hunter, by Early, who immediately advanced on Harper's Ferry. It is believed Early will not cross into Maryland, but will attempt a raid into Pennsylvania.

Senator Mallroy, of Kentucky, was killed by soldiers on the 27th of July.

Ed. Paskell, editor of the Nashville *Press*, was arrested on the 15th ult., and gave bond in the sum of $5,000.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 2.—The Memphis *Evening Times*, of the 29th, says the steamer Clara Bell was sunk at Carolina Landing on the 24th. She was a total loss. A gunboat sent to her relief was driven back.

The rebels are moving up towards Columbia. Their force is constituted of one hundred cavalry and four pieces of artillery. The river is said to be effectually blockaded. The Pauline and Carroll have also been disabled and towed off. Eight transports are at the mouth of White river and cannot go up. The rebels, 1,500 strong, under Gen. Dobbs, charged Col. Brook's command of 300, 13 miles from Helena, forcing us back, and following ten miles. Col. Brooks, several other prominent officers, and 37 privates were killed. Col. Brook's remains have reached Memphis.

MACON, July 2.—Trains from Atlanta arrived at the depot regularly on time. Affairs there were their usual aspect.—There was some picket firing and shelling in the afternoon yesterday, which did no damage.

The Yankees have apparently abandoned their advance across the Georgia Railroad, and are massing on their centre and right, endeavoring to work down between the city and the river.

The raiders who cut the Macon and Western Railroad were driven towards Newnan by Jackson's and Harrison's cavalry. Their advance reached Newnan just after the arrival of the train, carrying Roddy's command to Atlanta. He attacked them in front, and the pursuit coming up, the Yankees broke and fled, leaving five hundred prisoners, all their artillery (six pieces), and 700 horses in our hands. The rest sought to escape across the Chattahoochee. It was supposed that more would be taken. Three pieces of artillery captured from Stoneman have been brought here. Six hundred horses and 800 mules are reported captured from the same.

Gov. Brown left this morning for Atlanta.

The militia are pouring in and are being sent rapidly to Atlanta.

WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER

IS PUBLISHED AT FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. on TUESDAY of each week. It is made up from the news contained in the DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN, and will always contain the

VERY LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Having the advantage of the news of the PRESS ASSOCIATION, of which the Daily North Carolinian is a member.

THE MARKETS

Will be fully and carefully reported each day, and a true statement of their condition honestly given. We have

SECURED CORRESPONDENTS

In the Armies of Gens. LEE and PICKET, and will always give a faithful and full record of army matters.

POST MASTERS and others are requested to act as AGENTS, and each Agent sending six or more subscribers with the money for six months, will receive the Weekly paper six months gratis.

SUBSCRIPTIONS will not be taken for a longer period than six months; and in no case will the paper be sent until the money is received.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted for $2 per square of 16 lines for the first, and one dollar for each succeding publication.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER—Three months, $3 00
" " Six months, 5 00

J. J. SINCLAIR,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Just Received.

A GOOD SUPPLY of that extra fine chewing tobacco, which I will sell on accommodating terms, wholesale or retail.
June10-dtf I. HOLLINGSWORTH.

THE CAROLINIAN.

P. J. SINCLAIR, Editor.

Office, No. 17 Market Square,

☞ All Marriages, Obituary, Funeral and Estate Notices, Company and Military Orders, for Meetings, Drills, &c., Lodge and Society Notices and Summonses, Wants, Losses and Findings, Exhibition and Concert Notices, all country, transient and foreign advertising, o whatsoever nature or character, must be paid for when left at or sent to the office for publication. This arrangement will be strictly enforced. Such cash advertisements, as they appear, will always be marked by an asterisk or star thus (*).

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., AUGUST 4, 1864.

☞ Our Subscribers in town will confer a *special favor*, when they fail to get their papers, by informing us immediately of the fact. Of course we cannot know when it occurs unless this be done.

The office of the *Daily North Carolinian* and *Weekly Inielligencer*, will hereafter be at No. 17 Market Square, next door to James N. Smith's Drug Store,

Particular Attention is Called to the Following.—The publishers of this paper desire that their terms be fully understood. *All* subscriptions must be *paid in advance*. Payment must be made at this office, or, if to a collector, ten per cent. additional will be charged. Our Collector will call weekly on delinquents and make collections, when, in *every instance*, the above rule will be adhered to *Collections made every Monday.*

War News.

The *Express*, alluding to the springing of the mine at Petersburg on Saturday last, says that about 4½ o'clock, a dull, heavy sound was heard, and this was followed by several other similar sounds, the enemy at the same time openiug with their batteries all along their lines.

It was then discovered that the enemy had sprung a mine on one of our salients, near the centre of the lines, a few hundred yards beyond the Blandford Cemetery. The chief sufferers by the explosion, Pegram's Battery, (formerly Branch's,) from this city, and three companies of Elliott's South Carolina Brigade, which occupied position immediately to the left Battery for its support. The battery lost 22 men missing, two commissioned officers included. Some of these men, a list of whom we publish elsewhere, are known to be killed, their bodies having been recovered, but others whose bodies have not been found, it is hoped are prisoners in the hands of the enemy. Prisoners taken subsequent to the explosion, from the enemy, and near the spot, state that several of our men were dug out of the ruins alive.

EFFORTS TO RETAKE THE WORKS.

As soon as the nature of the disaster was made known. Gen. Hill despatched a courier to Gen. Mahone's Headquarters, and that vigilant officer moved off immediately at the head of his Brigade, with instructions for Saunders' (Ala.) Brigade, and Wright's (Georgia) to follow.

Arriving upon the ground, Gen. Mahone found twelve of the enemy's flags waving upon the ramparts of that portion of our line, carried by the explosion, and and the whole vicinity swarming with white and black Yankee troops.

Getting his troops into position, General Mahone ordered his Brigade to retake a portion of his works, and instructed Wright's Brigade to come up in such position as would ensure the re-capture of the remaining portion. Under command of Col. Weisiger, acting Brigadier, Mahone's Brigade formed into line, and were about to move up, when the enemy sallied out, and made a charge. The Confederates reserved their fire, until they could see the whites of the enemy's eyes, when they poured into them such a storm of bullets, that the enemy recoiled and fell back in confusion. A charge was now ordered, and Weisiger's men dashed forward with a yell, driving the enemy up to and over the breastworks. On the works our men haulted, and delivered a plunging fire, which proved so destructive that the enemy never again rallied on this portion of the line, but left our men in undisturbed possession.

In the meantime, Wright's Brigade, commanded by Col. Hall, instead of coming directly up, by some means deployed and came around, and thus failed to retake that portion of the line assigned to them.

At a late hour, Wilcox's old brigade, now ably commanded by the young and interpred Saunders, came gallantly up to their work, and by a charge, drove the enemy from the remaining portion of the works, and thus enabled us to re-establish our lines, precisely as they were before the explosion.

DESPERATE FIGHTING.

The enemy finding escape impossible, rushed for safety into the immense hole or chasm, by their explosion, and round the edge of this great basin, our men closed and fought hand to hand. This was done chiefly by Mahone's old brigade, and Saunders' Alabama men. Here the slaughter was terrific, and here too, many a gallant Confederate fell to rise no more. As an evidence of the desperate nature of the contest around and in this chasm, we would state, that Gen. Saunders' men, after removing a large number of wounded, buried in the hole on Saturday night, 55 Yankee negro troops, and 178 whites.

THE TERRIBLE POWER OF GUNPOWDER—A GHASTLY SCENE.

At a late hour Saturday evening, we visited the chasm caused by the enemy's explosion. It appeared to be about 40 feet in depth, and some 200 feet in circumference, and resembled more what one would imagine to have been the effects of a terrible earthquake than any thing else to which we could liken it. Immense boulders of earth were piled up rudely one above the other, and great fragments of bomb proofs, gun carriages, limbers, etc, were lying promiscuously in every direction.

The sides and bottom of the chasm were literally lined with Yankee dead and the bodies lay in every conceivable position. In one spot we noticed a corporal of infantry, a sergeant of artillery, and a big, burly negro, piled one upon top of the other. Some had evidently been killed with the butts of muskets, as their crushed skulls and badly mashed faces too plainly indicated, while the greater portion were shot, great pools of blood, having flowed from their wounds and stained the ground.

Between our breastworks and the enemy's large numbers of dead and wounded were still lying, the latter begging piteously for water, and praying to be cared for. Our men could not relieve them, as they were in full range of the enemy's sharpshooters, who had not ceased their firing, even under such appalling circumstances as we have described.

The enemy's losses from all causes are estimated at 3,500 men. We have over 1,000 prisoners in our possession, 11 battle flags, and upwards of 2,000 stands of small arms. We took no cannon, because the enemy brought none with them.—The four pieces captured by the explosion, attached to Pegram's Battery, were afterwards dug up from the rubbish uninjured.

Our entire loss is ascertained to be about 800. Gen. Mahone's Brigade lost 180 in killed and wounded, and the division commanded by him 450.

The following is the vote of Kirkland's and Cook's brigades:

KIRKLAND'S BRIGADE.

	Vance.	Holden.
26th Reg't	198	15
11th "	199	33
44th "	200	18
47th "	85 maj.	—
52th "	70	17
Brigade Wagon camp,	86	7
	788	90

COOK'S BRIGADE.

	Vance.	Holden.
15th Reg't	176	25
27th "	152	2
46th "	112	56
48th "	100	47
	540	130

The garrison at Plymouth gave Vance 409 to Holden 32.

We notice by the Petersburg *Register*, that it was Ransom's N. C. brigade that drove the enemy back with heavy loss, who had captured our breastworks on the explosion of their mine on Sunday. The damage to our works extended about 150 yards. Four guns were blown up and the men in attendance. The 22d S. C. Regiment lost 30 killed and wounded.

The News is that the Yankees are not satisfied with their recent movement in North Mississippi and that they are coming back. It is thought also that they have been reinforced by men from the lower Mississippi.

Gen. Henry R. Jackson left for the front on Wednesday with others, to take the command made vacant in the army of Tennessee by the death of Brig. Gen. C. H. Stevens.

The Presidential Campaign.—The New York News thinks that the union of the Democracy "to drive tho vandal hosts from the capitol" never gave a richer promise of success than at this present time. The News says:

The feeling of the country, showing itself in unmistakable signs of peace, has alarmed the Administration and the shoddy hordes see clearly, as did the guilty Belshazzer, that they have weighed in the balance and found w a ing.

That the candidate nominated at Chicago will be placed on a peace platform, the coming events which cast their shadows before abundantly prove. The feeling for peace is a growing one. Already it is the prevailing sentiment of the country, and has ceased to be regarded as among the political chances at Chicago, for it is as certain as if written in the book of fate. And still it grows and will continue to grow until those who profess to be Democrats, and oppose it, will be but as exceptions to the general rule that all are in its favor.

The Democracy must be united to sustain their nominee, and united as one man they will be, and he who will then be luke warm or oppose a candidate upon so glorious a platform will be classed as among those who have been brought up by the friends of Lincoln to divide and distract the party.

It will be a glorious sight to see the conservative men of the country united in the only national party now in existence, battling against those who have sunk the Government and wrecked the Union, upon a platform of peace, where all, who love the republic and reverence its Constitution can stand as a band of brothers.

The Seven Wonders of the World.—These are: 1st. The brass Colosus of Rhodes, 121 feet in hight, built by Cores, A. A. 238, occupying twenty years in making. It stood across the harbor of Rhodes sixty-six years, and was cast down by an earthquake. It was brought by a Jew from the Saracens, who loaded 900 camel. with the brass.

2nd. The Pyramids of Egypt. The largest one engaged 360,000 workmen; was thirty years in building, and has stood at least 3000 years.

3rd. The Aqueducts of Rome, invented by Appius Claudius, the censor.

4th. The Labyrinth of Psammetichus, on the banks of the Nile, containing, within one continued wall, 1000 houses and twelve royal palaces, all covered with marble, the whole having but one entrance. The building was said to contain 3000 chambers, and a hall built of marble, adorned with statues of the Gods.

5th The Pharos of Alexandria, a tower of Ptolemy Philadelphus, in the year 283 before Christ. It was erected as a light-house, and contained magnificent galleries of marble, a large lantern at the top, the light of which was seen nearly a hundred miles off. Mirrors of enormous size were fixed round the galleries, reflecting everything on the sea. A common tower is now erected in its place.

6th. The walls of Babiyn, built by order of Semiramis, or Nebuchadnezzar, and finished in one year, by 200,000 men. They were of immense thickness.

7th. The temple of Diana at Ephesus, completed in the reign of Servius, the sixth King of Rome. It was 450 feet long, 200 broad, and supported by 126 marble pillars.

A Mormon Settlement in Western Virginia.—The Wheeling (Va.) *Intelligencer* says:

We learn that there is in the town of South Wheeling a society of Mormons, who practice all the doctrines of that sect except that of polygamy. We have had a conversation with an Englishman who belongs to the society, and who firmly believes in all the peculiar notions of the Latter Day Saints. He says he was converted to the faith since his arrival in this country. In his opinion, all the churches to which Gentiles usually attach themselves are wonderfully corrupt. He has not had a physician in his house for five or six years. Cases of sickness are cured by annointing and by laying on of hands, according ro the customs of the New Testament.

A Race With the Cars.—The Cincinnati Enquirer tells the following racy yarn.—At Morrow, a green looking man got upon the cars, tied a large cur dog he had with him to the iron staneheon of the hindmost car, and deliberately took his seat among the ladies. Away bounded the iron horse, with usual speed, to the no small wonder of the countryman who had never ridden so fast before. Arrivnig at Foster's crossing, he walked back to look at his favorite animal, and his surprise may be imagined when he found only the head of the dog attached to the rope withwhich he had fastened him. After being perfectly satisfied that "the dog was dead," he merely uttered, "well this is the only critter that could beat that dog running."

The Wheeling, Va., Register says:

Two handsome and accomplished young ladies are to be tried for treason at the June term of the court at Fairmount.—The Attorney General expects to convict them of the capital offence. In that case will they be executed?

THE NECESSITY OF PUNCTUATION

[From the Sentinel.]

EPITAPH TO MY UNCLE TOBY.

[Not Punctuated]

He was an experienced old man in the ways of the world he profited not in honesty purity and sobriety was always found in demoralizing society never associated with the good he was counted among the foremost in voice in every shape a stranger to high mindedness and correctness of department he was ever devoted to what was low sordid and mean he turned a deaf ear to the miseries of a fellow creature his heart was ever open to malevolence charity afforded a shield to none did he refuse sympathy and sorrow it was his nature.

R.

The above epitaph was handed to two gentlemen, and was punctuated as follows. By the first:

"He was an experienced old man. In the ways of the world he profited not. In honesty, purity and sobriety, was always found. In demoralizing society never associated. With the good he was counted among the foremost. In voice of every shape a stranger. To high mindedness and correctness of department he was ever devoted. To what was low, sorded and mean he turned a deaf ear. To the miseries of a fellow creature his heart was ever open. To malevolence charity afforded a shield. To none did he refuse sympathy and sorrow. It was his nature."

The second returned it as fallows:

"He was an experienced old man in the ways of the world. He profited not in honesty, purity, and sobriety. Was always found in demoralizing society. Never associated with the good. He was counted among the foremost in vice in every shape. A stranger to high mindedness and correctness of department he was ever devoted to what was low, sordid and mean. He turned a deaf ear to the miseries of a fellow creature. His heart was ever open to malevolence. Charity afforded a shield to none. Did he refuse sympathy and sorrow, it was his nature."

R.

Speech of Earl Russell.—The following passage from Earl Russell's speech in the House of Lords on the future of the Confederacy is significant. His Lordship said:

It is no longer a question with reference to the balance of power in Europe. There are other parts of the world in which our interests may be as deeply involved, and in which we may have, some day or other, to maintain the honor and interests of this country. The civil war now raging in America, ending how it may, whether by the establishment of an independent Republic in the South, or whether it ends most unexpectedly as it would be to me, I confess, by restoring the Union, still the United States of America, or the Northern States, or whatever they may be called will then be in a totally different position to that which they were in a few years ago. A great army will then be maintained by the U. States. A formidable navy will also be kept up. Our relations with that power are liable at any moment to interruption. I hope and trust that our friendly relations may be maintained. still those friendly relations must be considered and kept in view as well as our interest in the maintenance of the balance of power in Europe.

Recognition.—The London Illustrated *News* has the following about "Recognition:"

"The very decided victories achieved by the Southern Confederacy, the news of which arrived just as we are putting their shipowners on trial as pirates; the facts that they dominate the Mississippi, have crushed Banks, keep Grant in check, and have retaken and hold at least six important forts, the possession of which relieves their chief city, and makes it safer than Washington itself; these facts have brought forward Mr. W. S. Linsday, who proposes that now the time has arrived for an open recognition of the Southern States as an independent nation. Why not? It is useless to conceal the fact that their conquest is utterly hopeless. The Northern States taxed to their utmost, are staggering in a fool's paradise, bolieving, probably, that their debts will never be paid, their repudiation will be easy, or that the resources of America are so enormous that she will quickly recover."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE.

A SMALL STEAM ENGINE IN excellent running order, with Belts, Pulleys, &c., complete—has been used but little. Also two Turning Lathes, one large and one small, with a full set of heads and fixtures, together with a large lot of Turners Tools, Screw Cutters, Hand and Web Saws, Vices Clamp Screws, &c., &c. ALSO, a lot of Horns and Briar Roots.
Apply to MRS. LEBERLES,
Hay St., next door above Mr. J. Martine's.
July30-6t

OFFICE POST QUARTERMASTER,
4th Congressional District, N. C.,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. July 28.

To the Farmers of the 4th Congressional District.

NOTICE is hereby given that in the collection of Tax in Kind for the Crops of 1864 that no Receipt to the farmer is valid except from a regular authorized Tith Agent, appointed either by the County Agent or myself—the receipt of any other man, whether officer or not, will not be received. The Tax payer will be notified when the Agents are ready to receive, and no man can pay until he has the Assessor's estimate with him to show the amount due, and his receipt will be upon his estimate.
J. M. McGOWAN,
Capt. & Post Q. M.
aug2-1t

MISTRESS AND MAID.

JUST RECIEVED a few more copies of that excellent NOVEL at
No. 17, Market Square.

FOUR PER CENT. BONDS.

WANTED—A few 4 per Cent. Bonds.—Apply at the
131-tf CAROLINIAN OFFICE.

MORE OF THAT EXCELLENT SMOKING Tobacco just received and for sale at
17 Market Square.

NEW MUSIC.

THE SOUTH.

Words by the lamented Captain S. LeROY HAMMOND, of the Eutaw Regiment, Music by Prof. Hewett.

KEEP ME AWAKE-MOTHER.

A reply to the ever popular "Rock me to Sleep, Mother." Words by Mrs. Stratton, Music by Joseph Hart Denck.
Dear Mother, I've Come Home to Die.
Why No One to Love?
Star Spangled Cross and Pure Field of White.
Up with the Flag.
The Southern Cross.
Southern Soldier Boy.
All Quiet Along the Potmac To-Night.
Rock me to Sleep Mother.
My Wife and Child.
Kathleen Mavourneen.
Virginia Marseillaise, (French and English words)
Farewell Enchanting Hope.
No Surrender.
Harp of the South, Awake!
Good-bye, Sweetheart, Good bye.
Mother, Oh! Sing me to Rest.
The March of the Southern Men.
Love Me.
Musical Souvenir, containing three Songs.

In addition to the above, the following new pieces have just been received:

Pray Maiden Pray; Aura Lea;
I Remember the Hour; Standard Bearer;
Mary of Argyle; Morning Prayer.

☞ Particular attention is called to our collection of Music. Call at
No. 17, Market Square.
143-tf

TIME MERCURY with back numbers, containing those charming tales, which young ladies wish to read, have arrived at
June 12 17, Market Square.

Envelopes! Envelopes!

A SUPERIOR article of ENVELOPES, Commercial size, just received and for sale, at the store under the
June 20-tf CAROLINIAN OFFICE.

H. McMILLAN,
Auctioneer and
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
June 10-3m*

POWDER.

A SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED and for sale at No. 17, Market Square.
146-tf

Soap! Soap!!

A SUPERIOR article of that old BROWN WINDSOR and Confederate Toilet Soap. For sale at the Store under the
June21-tf CAROLINIAN OFFICE.

"MACARIA" has come.
The Music has arrived at
158-tf No. 17, Market Square.

WANTED.

A GOOD Cavalry Horse, for which I will pay the highest price in mony, or barter in corn, bacon, &c., &c. Apply at this Office.
136-tf

WRITING PAPER.

JUST received and for sale, a superior article of
Note and Letter Paper,
unusually cheap, at the store under the
June 20-tf CAROLINIAN OFFICE.

Misses Long Combs.

A NICE lot of Gutta Percha
MISSES LONG COMBS,
of various sizes, just received and for sale at the Store under the
June20-tf CAROLINIAN OFFICE.

NEW NOVEL.

"MISTRESS AND MAID"—a household Story, by the Author of "John Halifax Gentleman."
"The Ogilvies," "Head of the Family," "Nothing New," "Agathia's Husband," &c., &c., &c. Just received and For Sale at the Store under the
June20-tf CAROLINIAN OFFICE.

DR. J. H. FREEMAN HAS RETURNED to his Office and has on hand a good lot of GOLD FOIL AND TEETH. Also, GOLD and SILVER PLATE.
132-1m*

Matches! Matches!!

YANKEE MATCHES;
CONFEDERATE MATCHES.
For sale at No. 17, Market Square, under the
CAROLINIAN OFFICE.
June 24. 120-tf

BLACK AND WHITE PINS,
BLK. & WHITE HOOKS & EYES.
At No. 17, Market Square, under the
CAROLINIAN OFFICE.
June 24. 120-tf